

REGISTERED No. D. 221.



EXTRAORDINARY
PART II—Section 2
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 12] NEW DELHI, THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1953

HOUSE OF THE PEOPLE

The following Bills were introduced in the House of the People on 26th March, 1953:—

BILL* No. 21 of 1953

A Bill to provide for the control by the Union of the Coir Industry and for that purpose to establish a Coir Board and levy a customs duty on coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products exported from India.

Be it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Coir Industry Act, 1953.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Declaration as to expediency of control by the Union.—It is hereby declared that it is expedient in the public interest that the Union should take under its control the coir industry.

3. Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) 'Board' means the Coir Board constituted under section 4;

(b) 'cess' means the customs duty imposed by section 13;

(c) 'coir' or 'coir fibre' means the fibre extracted from the husk of the coconut;

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, recommended to the House of the People the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

(d) 'coir products' means mats and mattings, rugs and carpets, ropes and other articles manufactured from coir;

(e) 'coir yarn' means yarn obtained by the spinning of coir;

(f) 'export' with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means to take out of the territories to which this Act extends by land, sea or air to any place outside India other than a country or territory notified in this behalf by the Central Government by notification in the Official Gazette;

(g) 'Fund' means the Coir Fund referred to in section 15;

(h) 'member' means a member of the Board;

(i) 'prescribed' means prescribed by rules made under this Act.

CHAPTER II

THE COIR BOARD

4. Establishment and constitution of the Coir Board.—(1) With effect from such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf, there shall be established for the purposes of this Act a Board to be called the Coir Board.

(2) The Board shall be a body corporate by the name aforesaid, having perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire, hold and dispose of property, both movable and immovable, and to contract, and shall, by the said name, sue and be sued.

(3) The Board shall consist of a Chairman and such number of other members not exceeding forty as the Central Government may think expedient, to be appointed by that Government by notification in the Official Gazette from among persons who are in its opinion capable of representing—

(a) growers of coconuts;

(b) persons employed by growers of coconuts;

(c) manufacturers of coir products;

(d) dealers in coir, coir yarn and coir products, including both exporters and internal traders;

(e) Parliament;

(f) the Governments of the principal coconut growing States;

(g) such other persons or class of persons who, in the opinion of the Central Government, ought to be represented on the Board.

(4) The number of persons to be appointed as members from each of the categories specified in sub-section (3), the term of office of, the procedure to be followed in the discharge of their functions by, and the manner of filling vacancies among, the members of the Board shall be such as may be prescribed.

(5) Any officer of the Central Government when deputed by that Government in this behalf shall have the right to attend meetings of the Board and take part in the proceedings thereof but shall not be entitled to vote.

5. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate acts and proceedings.—No act or proceeding taken by the Board under this Act shall be questioned on the ground merely of—

(a) the existence of any vacancy in, or defect in the constitution of, the Board; or

(b) any omission, defect or irregularity not affecting the merits of the case.

6. Salary and allowances of Chairman.—The Chairman shall be entitled to such salary and allowances and shall be subject to such conditions of service in respect of leave, pension, provident fund and other matters as may from time to time be fixed by the Central Government.

7. Vice-Chairman.—The Central Government shall appoint from among the members of the Board a Vice-Chairman, who shall exercise such of the powers and discharge such of the duties of the Chairman as may be prescribed or as may be delegated to him by the Chairman.

8. Executive and other Committees.—(1) There shall be an Executive Committee of the Board for the purpose of exercising such of the powers and performing such of the duties of the Board as may be prescribed or as the Board may delegate to it.

(2) The Executive Committee shall consist of—

(i) the Chairman,

(ii) the Vice-Chairman, and

(iii) five other members elected by the members of the Board, from among themselves of whom two shall be Government officials.

(3) Subject to such control and restrictions as may be prescribed, the Board may constitute other standing committees or *ad hoc* committees for exercising any power or discharging any duty of the Board or for enquiring into or reporting and advising on any matter which the Board may refer to them.

(4) A Standing Committee shall consist exclusively of members of the Board.

(5) An *ad hoc* Committee may include persons who are not members of the Board, but their number shall not exceed one-half of its strength.

9. Secretary and staff.—(1) The Central Government shall, after consulting the Board, appoint a Secretary to the Board who shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed or as may be delegated to him by the Board or the Chairman.

(2) Subject to such control and restrictions as may be prescribed, the Board may appoint such officers and employees as may be necessary for the efficient performance of its functions and pay them such salaries and allowances as it may determine from time to time.

(3) The Chairman, Secretary and other officers and employees of the Board shall not undertake any work unconnected with their duties under this Act except with the permission of the Central Government.

10. Functions of the Board.—(1) It shall be the duty of the Board to promote by such measures as it thinks fit the development under the control of the Central Government of the Coir Industry.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of sub-section (1), the measures referred to therein may relate to—

(a) promoting exports of coir yarn and coir products, and carrying on propaganda for that purpose;

(b) regulating under the supervision of the Central Government the production of coir yarn and coir products by licensing coir spindles and taking other appropriate steps;

(c) undertaking, assisting or encouraging scientific, technological and economic research and maintaining and assisting in the maintenance of one or more research institutes;

(d) collecting statistics from manufacturers of, and dealers in, coir products and from such other persons as may be prescribed, on any matter relating to the coir industry; the publication of statistics so collected or portions thereof or extracts therefrom;

(e) fixing grade standards and arranging for inspection of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products;

(f) improving the marketing of coconut husk, coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products in India and elsewhere and preventing unfair competition;

(g) promoting co-operative organisation among producers of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products;

(h) ensuring remunerative returns to producers of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products;

(i) licensing of warehouses and otherwise regulating the stocking and sale of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products both for the internal market and for exports;

(j) advising on all matters relating to the development of the coir industry;

(k) such other matters as may be prescribed.

(3) The Board shall perform its functions under this section in accordance with and subject to such rules as may be made by the Central Government.

11. Dissolution of the Board.—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that the Board shall be dissolved from such date and for such period as may be specified in the notification.

(2) When the Board is dissolved under the provisions of sub-section (1)—

(a) all members shall, from the date of dissolution, vacate their offices as such members;

(b) all powers and duties of the Board shall, during the period of dissolution, be exercised and performed by such person or persons as the Central Government may appoint in this behalf;

(c) all funds and other property vested in the Board shall, during the period of dissolution, vest in the Central Government; and

(d) as soon as the period of dissolution expires, the Board shall be reconstituted in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

CHAPTER III

CONTROL OVER THE EXPORT OF COIR FIBRE, COIR YARN AND COIR PRODUCTS

12. Control of export of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products.—No coir yarn or coir products shall be exported otherwise than under a general or special authorisation granted by the Board in the prescribed manner, and the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878) shall have

effect as if the provisions made by this section had been made by notification issued under section 19 of that Act

Provided that nothing herein contained shall apply to any coir product dispatched out of the territories to which this Act extends by post or carried in a passenger's luggage for his personal use:

Provided further that the Central Government may exempt from the operation of this section either absolutely or subject to specified conditions, the export of any coir fibre, coir yarn or coir product to any foreign settlement bounded by India.

CHAPTER IV

FINANCE, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

13. Imposition of a duty of customs on export of coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products.—(1) There shall be levied and collected as a cess for the purposes of this Act a duty of customs on all coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products which are exported at such rate not exceeding one rupee per hundredweight as the Central Government may notify in the Official Gazette.

(2) The cess levied under sub-section (1) shall be in addition to any other duty leviable under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934) or any other law for the time being in force and shall be collected by such agencies and in such manner as may be prescribed.

14. Payment of proceeds of cess to the Board.—The proceeds of the cess levied under sub-section (1) of section 13 shall first be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India and the Central Government may thereafter from time to time pay to the Board from and out of such proceeds such sums of money as it may think fit after deducting the expenses of collection.

15. Constitution of Fund.—(1) There shall be formed by the Board a Fund to be called the Coir Fund and there shall be credited thereto—

(a) the proceeds of the cess made over to the Board by the Central Government;

(b) any other fee that may be levied and collected under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

(2) The Fund shall be applied towards meeting the expenses of the Board and the cost of the measures referred to in section 10.

16. Borrowing powers of Board.—Subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf, the Board shall have power to borrow on the security of the Fund or any other asset for any purposes for which the Fund may be applied.

17. Accounts and Audit.—(1) The Board shall cause accounts to be kept of all moneys received and expended by it.

(2) The accounts shall be audited every year by auditors appointed in this behalf by the Central Government and such auditors shall disallow every item which in their opinion is not authorised by this Act or any rule made or direction issued thereunder.

(3) The Board may, within three months from the date of communication to it of the disallowance of any item, as aforesaid, appeal against such disallowance to the Central Government whose decision shall be final.

CHAPTER V

CONTROL BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

18. General control over acts and proceedings of the Board.—(1) All acts and proceedings of the Board shall be subject to the control of the Central Government which may cancel, suspend or modify as it thinks fit any action taken by the Board.

(2) The Board shall carry out such directions as may be issued to it by the Central Government for the efficient administration of this Act.

(3) The records of the Board shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Central Government.

19. Report and returns.—(1) The Board shall submit to the Central Government and such authority as may be prescribed a report once in every six months on its activities and the working of this Act for the preceding six months.

(2) The Board shall prepare and submit such other returns relating to the coir industry as may be required by that Government from time to time.

CHAPTER VI

MISCELLANEOUS

20. Penalties.—(1) If any person contravenes the provisions of section 12, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(2) Any person who attempts to contravene or abets the contravention of the provisions of section 12 shall be deemed to have contravened those provisions.

21. Offences by companies.—(1) If the person committing an offence under section 12 is a company, every person who at the time the contravention was committed was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the contravention and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) where an offence under section 12 has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section—

(a) 'company' means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) 'director' in relation to a firm means a partner in the firm.

22. Previous sanction of Central Government for prosecution.—No prosecution for any offence punishable under this Act shall be instituted except with the previous approval of the Central Government.

23. Protection of action taken in good faith.—No suit prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

24. Power to delegate.—The Central Government may, by order notified in the Official Gazette, direct that any power exercisable by it under this Act may also be exercised in such cases and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the order by such officer or authority as may be specified therein.

25. Suspension of operation of Act.—(1) If the Central Government is satisfied that circumstances have arisen rendering it necessary that certain of the restrictions imposed by this Act should cease to be imposed or if it considers it necessary or expedient so to do in the public interest the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, suspend or relax to a specified extent either indefinitely or for such period as may be specified in the notification the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Act.

(2) Where the operation of any provisions of this Act has under subsection (1) been suspended or relaxed indefinitely, such suspension or relaxation may at any time while this Act remains in force be removed by the Central Government by notification in the Official Gazette.

26. Power of Central Government to make rules.—(1) The Central Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the constitution of the Board, the number of persons to be appointed as members from each of the categories specified in subsection (3) of section 4, the term of office and the other conditions of service of, the procedure to be followed by, and the manner of filling vacancies among, the members of the Board;

(b) the circumstances in which, and the authority by which, members may be removed;

(c) the holding of a minimum number of meetings every year;

(d) the pay and allowances and other conditions of service of the Secretary;

(e) the maintenance of records of all business transacted at meetings of the Board and the submission of copies of such records to the Central Government;

(f) the preparation of budget estimate of the receipts and expenditure of the Board and the authority by which such estimates should be sanctioned;

(g) the conditions subject to which, and the mode in which, contracts may be made by or on behalf of the Board;

(h) the powers of the Board and the Executive Committee and the Chairman, in regard to the incurring of expenditure; and the re-appropriation of estimated savings in any budget head to another such head;

(i) the conditions subject to which the Board may borrow;

(j) the form and the manner in which accounts should be kept by the Board;

(k) the grant or issue of licences and authorisations under this Act and the fees to be levied in respect of such licences and authorisations;

(l) the form of applications for licences and authorisations under this Act and the fee, if any, to be paid in respect of any such applications;

(m) the collection of any information or statistics in respect of the coir industry;

(n) any other matter which is to be or may be prescribed.

27. Power of Board to make by-laws.—(1) The Board may make by-laws consistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder, to provide for—

(a) the dates, times and places of its meetings and of the meetings of the Executive and other Committees and the quorum for such meetings, and the procedure thereof;

(b) the delegation of powers and duties to the Executive or any other Committee, or to its Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary or any other of its officers;

(c) the travelling allowances of members and of members of Committees;

(d) the appointment, promotion and dismissal of its officers and other employees other than the Secretary and the creation and abolition of their posts;

(e) the conditions of service of its officers and other employees other than the Secretary including their pay, leave, leave allowances, pensions, gratuities, compassionate allowances and travelling allowances and the establishment and maintenance of a provident fund for them;

(f) the maintenance of its accounts;

(g) the persons by whom, and the manner in which payments, deposits and investments may be made on its behalf;

(h) the custody of moneys required for its current expenditure and the investment of moneys not so required;

(i) the preparation of statements showing the sums allotted to departments of the Central and State Governments and other institutions.

(2) No by-law shall take effect until it has been confirmed by the Central Government and published in the Official Gazette; and the Central Government, in confirming a by-law may make any change therein which appears to it to be necessary.

(3) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, cancel any by-law which it has confirmed and thereupon the by-law shall cease to have effect.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The coir industry has a definite role to play in our national economy. It is of very great economic importance to Travancore-Cochin where it is concentrated and also, from the point of view of earning foreign exchange, of importance to the whole country. It has, however, been passing through acute depression since the middle of 1952, as a result of a marked decline in exports. With a view to controlling production, improving its quality, weeding out the undesirable elements in the export trade and developing the internal market so as to reduce the industry's dependence on exports, it is considered necessary to establish a Statutory Board on the lines of Boards set up for other plantation industries.

2. In order to finance the development of this industry, it is proposed that a duty upto Re. 1 per cwt. should be levied on coir fibre, coir yarn as well as coir mats and mattings exported. The levy at the maximum rate is expected to yield approximately Rs. 12 lakhs per year. The proceeds will be allocated to the Board for the improvement and expansion of the coir industry.

3. The object of the Bill is to take powers for setting up a Statutory Board and for imposing the proposed duty of customs.

T. T. KRISHNAMACHARI.

NEW DELHI;

The 9th March, 1953.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

The Coir Industry Bill, 1953, provides for the control by the Union of the Coir Industry and for that purpose proposes to establish a Coir Board and to levy a customs duty on coir fibre, coir yarn and coir products exported from India. Under clause 4(3) of the Bill, the Board will have a Chairman, who will have to be paid such salary and allowances as may be determined by the Central Government.

2. Under clause 9(1) of the Bill, a Secretary to the Board has to be appointed for exercising such powers and performing such duties as may be prescribed or as may be delegated to him by the Board or the Chairman. Under clause 9(2) of the Bill, the Board may appoint such officers and employees as may be necessary for the efficient performance of its functions and pay them such salaries and allowances as it may determine from time to time.

3. Provision has been made under clauses 6 and 9(2) of the Bill for the framing of Rules by the Central Government, *inter alia* for fixing the salaries and allowances payable to the Chairman and other officers and employees and the conditions of service in respect of leave, pension, provident fund.

4. It is not possible at the present stage to indicate what expenditure will be incurred on the proposed Coir Board. It is, however, estimated

that initially, the expenditure will not exceed Rs. 6 lakhs per year, which will be met from the Coir Fund, proposed to be formed under section 15 of the Bill.

BILL* No. 23 OF 1958

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for the service of the financial year 1952-58.

Enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Appropriation Act, 1958.

2. Issue of Rs. 94,56,366 out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for the year 1952-58.—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union, there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of ninety-four lakhs, fifty-six thousand and three hundred sixty-six rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1952-58, in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. Appropriation.—The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE

(See sections 2 and 3.)

| 1 No. of vote | 2 Services and purposes | 3 Sums not exceeding | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------|
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Consolida- ted Fund | Total |
| 1 | Land Revenue | 2,58,000 | .. | 2,58,000 |
| 7 | Other Taxes and Duties. | 98,900 | .. | 98,900 |
| 11 | Elections for Legislatures | 2,06,600 | .. | 2,06,600 |
| 14 | Finance Department | 61,000 | .. | 61,000 |

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 207 read with article 238 of the Constitution of India, recommended to the House of the People the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

| 1 No. of vote | 2 Services and purposes | 3 Suma not exceeding | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|-----------|
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Conso- lidated Fund | Total |
| | | | | |
| 15 | Revenue Department | 25,300 | .. | 25,300 |
| 17 | Agriculture and Forest Department | 10,200 | .. | 10,200 |
| 20 | Law and Local Self Government Department | 7,900 | .. | 7,900 |
| 22 | District Administration | 20,400 | .. | 20,400 |
| 24 | Administration of Justice | 42,500 | 18,100 | 60,600 |
| 27 | Education | 100 | .. | 100 |
| 29 | Public Health | 100 | .. | 100 |
| 30 | Agriculture | 1,84,200 | .. | 1,84,200 |
| 31 | Veterinary | 100 | .. | 100 |
| 33 | Industries and Supplies | 79,700 | .. | 79,700 |
| 34 | Miscellaneous Departments | 1,07,800 | .. | 1,07,800 |
| 36 | Civil Works | 4,48,900 | .. | 4,48,900 |
| 38 | Capital Outlay on Electricity Schemes (within the Revenue Account) | 31,900 | .. | 31,900 |
| 40 | Superannuation Allowances and Pensions | 2,05,000 | .. | 2,05,000 |
| 41 | Stationery and Printing | 3,22,700 | .. | 3,22,700 |
| 42 | Miscellaneous | 17,38,400 | .. | 17,38,400 |
| 43 | Expenditure on Displaced Persons | 200 | .. | 200 |
| 43A | Community Development Projects | 4,29,400 | .. | 4,29,400 |
| | Charged.—Staff, Household and Allowances of His Highness the Rajpramukh. | .. | 24,666 | 24,666 |
| 43B | Capital Outlay on Industrial Development | 3,00,000 | — | 3,00,000 |
| 44 | Capital Account of Irrigation, Navigation, Embankment and Drainage Works (outside the Revenue Account) | 100 | — | 100 |
| 44A | Capital Outlay on Multi-purpose River Schemes—Bhakra Nangal Project | 28,61,600 | — | 28,61,600 |
| 47 | Capital Outlay on Schemes of State Trading | 100 | — | 100 |
| 48 | Interest Free and Interest Bearing Advances | 19,72,500 | .. | 19,72,500 |
| | TOTAL | 94,13,600 | 42,766 | 94,56,366 |

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of articles 204(1) and 205 read with article 238 of the Constitution and the Proclamation issued by the President on the 4th March, 1953, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by article 356 thereof to provide for appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union of the moneys required to meet the supplementary expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State and the grants made by the House of the People for expenditure of the Government of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for 1952-53.

C. D. DESHMUKH.

NEW DELHI;
The 24th March, 1953.

BILL* NO. 24 OF 1953

A Bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the States of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for the service of a part of the financial year 1953-54.

Be it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Appropriation (Vote on Account) Act, 1953

2. Withdrawal of Rs. 8,58,07,800 from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for the year 1953-54.—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union there may be withdrawn sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of eight crores, fifty eight lakhs, seven thousand and eight hundred rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1953-54.

3. Appropriation—The sums authorised to be withdrawn from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE
(See sections 2 and 3.)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | | Sums not exceeding | | |
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Consolidated Fund | Total |
| No. of Vote | Services and purposes | | | |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1 | Land Revenue | 14,16,900 | .. | 14,16,900 |
| 2 | State Excise Duties | 9,24,400 | .. | 9,24,400 |
| 3 | Stamps | 21,200 | .. | 21,200 |

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 207 read with article 238 of the Constitution of India, recommended to the House of the People the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|---|-----------|
| No. of Vote | Services and purposes | Sums not exceeding | | |
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Conso- lidated Fund | Total |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 4 | Forest | 4,70,200 | .. | 4,70,200 |
| 5 | Registration | 7,500 | .. | 7,500 |
| 6 | Charges on account of Motor Vehi- cles Acts | 28,700 | .. | 28,700 |
| 7 | Other Taxes and Duties | 1,31,200 | .. | 1,31,200 |
| 8 | Irrigation | 14,52,600 | .. | 14,52,600 |
| 9 | Ministers and Adviser | 76,500 | .. | 76,500 |
| 10 | State Legislative Assembly | 1,10,400 | 8,400 | 1,18,800 |
| 11 | Elections for Legislature | 84,300 | .. | 84,300 |
| 12 | Chief Minister's and Adviser's Sec- retariat | 23,400 | .. | 23,400 |
| 13 | Home Department | 1,72,800 | .. | 1,72,800 |
| 14 | Finance Department | 1,10,500 | .. | 1,10,500 |
| 15 | Revenue Department | 83,300 | .. | 83,300 |
| 16 | Education and Health Department | 30,200 | .. | 30,200 |
| 17 | Development Department | 31,800 | .. | 31,800 |
| 18 | Industries, Supplies and Labour De- partment | 39,500 | .. | 39,500 |
| 19 | Rehabilitation Department | 55,000 | .. | 55,000 |
| 20 | Law and Local Self Government Department | 65,600 | .. | 65,600 |
| 21 | Commissioner | 22,600 | .. | 22,600 |
| 22 | District Administration | 6,04,200 | .. | 6,04,200 |
| 23 | Civil Supplies Directorate | 2,35,800 | .. | 2,35,800 |
| 24 | Administration of Justice | 4,56,700 | 1,24,800 | 5,81,500 |
| 25 | Jails and Judicial Lock-ups | 5,28,000 | .. | 5,28,000 |
| 26 | Police | 29,06,900 | .. | 29,06,900 |
| 27 | Education | 36,72,100 | .. | 36,72,100 |
| 28 | Medical | 11,94,800 | .. | 11,94,800 |
| 29 | Public Health | 4,25,600 | .. | 4,25,600 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------|--|------------|
| No. of Vote | Services and purposes] | Sums not exceeding | | |
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Consolida- ted Fund | Total |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 30 | Agriculture | 12,34,700 | .. | 12,34,700 |
| 31 | Veterinary | 2,20,900 | .. | 2,20,900 |
| 32 | Co-operation | 1,85,900 | .. | 1,85,900 |
| 33 | Industries and Supplies . . . | 6,28,500 | .. | 6,28,500 |
| 34 | Miscellaneous Departments . . | 2,45,700 | .. | 2,45,700 |
| 35 | Punjabi Department | 97,100 | .. | 97,100 |
| 36 | Civil Works | 47,84,300 | .. | 47,84,300 |
| 37 | Electricity Schemes—Working Ex- penses | 10,57,900 | .. | [10,57,900 |
| 38 | Capital Outlay on Electricity Sche- mes (within the Revenue Ac- count) | 87,100 | .. | 87,100 |
| 39 | Privy Purses and Allowances of Indian Rulers] | 4,43,400 | 11,20,000 | 15,63,400 |
| 40 | Superannuation Allowances and Pensions | 5,16,300 | .. | [5,16,300 |
| 41 | Stationery and Printing . . . | 6,00,000 | .. | [6,00,000 |
| 42 | Miscellaneous | 3,72,400 | .. | [3,72,400 |
| 43 | Expenditure on Displaced Persons [. | 4,87,100 | .. | [4,87,100 |
| 44 | Miscellaneous Adjustments between Central and State Governments [. | 1,300 | .. | 1,300 |
| 45 | Community Development Projects. Charged.—Interest on Debt and other Obligations | 4,29,100 | .. | 4,29,100 |
| | Charged.—Appropriation for reduc- tion or avoidance of debt. | .. | 30,400 | 30,400 |
| | Charged.—Staff, Household and Al- lowances of His Highness the Rajpramukh | .. | .. | .. |
| | Charged.—Staff, Household and Al- lowances of His Highness the Rajpramukh | .. | 2,83,300 | [2,83,300 |
| | Charged.—Public Service Commission [. | .. | 35,900 | 35,900 |
| 46 | Construction of Irrigation, Naviga- tion, Embankment and Drainage works | 17,80,300 | — | [17,80,300 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|--|-------------|
| No. of Vote | Services and purposes | Sums not exceeding | | |
| | | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Consoli- dated Fund | Total |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 47 | Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agri- cultural Improvements and Re- search | 22,00,000 | .. | 22,00,000 |
| 48 | Capital Outlay on Multipurpose River Schemes—Bhakra Nangal Project | 55,83,800 | .. | 55,83,800 |
| 49 | Capital Outlay on Schemes of State Trading | 4,28,63,300 | .. | 4,28,63,300 |
| 50 | Advances Bearing Interest . | 50,03,200 | .. | 50,03,200 |
| | Repayment of Debt] | .. | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| | TOTAL . . . | 8,41,55,000 | 16,52,800 | 8,58,07,800 |

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of article 204(1) and 206 read with Article 288 of the Constitution and the Proclamation issued by the President on the 4th March, 1953 in exercise of the powers conferred on him by article 356 thereof, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Patiala and East Punjab States Union of the moneys required to meet the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State and the grants made in advance by the House of the People in respect of the estimated expenditure of the Government of Patiala and East Punjab States Union for a part of the financial year 1953-54.

C. D. DESHMUKH.

NEW DELHI;

The 24th March, 1953.

BILL* No. 25 OF 1953

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of a certain further sum from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the service of the financial year 1952-53.

Be it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 2) Act, 1953.

2. **Issue of Rs. 16,42,40,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 1952-53.**—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, recommended to the House of the People the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

be paid and applied sums not exceeding the amount specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of sixteen ~~crores~~, forty two lakhs and forty thousand rupees towards defraying the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1952-53, in respect of the service specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. Appropriation.—The sum authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the service and purpose expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE
(See sections 2 and 3.)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------|
| | | Sum not exceeding | | |
| No. of Vote | Service and purpose | Voted by Parliament | Charged on the Consolida- ted Fund | Total |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 27 | Union Excise Duties | .. | 16,42,40,000 | 16,42,40,000 |

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of article 114(1) of the Constitution of India, read with article 115 thereof, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India of the moneys required to meet the supplementary expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of India for expenditure of the Central Government, excluding Railways, for 1952-53.

C. D. DESHMUKH,

NEW DELHI;

The 20th March, 1953.

M. N. KAUL,
Secretary.